

4(1) (B) (II)

**THE POWERS & DUTIES OF OFFICERS & EMPLOYEES:
POWERS OF COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, THANE**

1) THE ARMS ACT, 1959:

1. Grant or refusal of Arms license
2. Forfeiture of Arms and Ammunition
3. Sanction to prosecute for breach of section 3
4. Varying conditions of suspending or revoking a license

2) POWERS DELEGATED UNDER MAHARASHTRA CIVIL SERVICES RULES

3) THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE 1973

1. Arrest of persons for certain purposes
2. Dispersal of unlawful assembly
3. Maintenance of public order and tranquility
4. Removal of public nuisance
5. Prevention of commission of cognizable offenses
6. Keeping peace and good behaviour, obtaining security for
7. Search and seizure

4) THE EXPLOSIVES ACT -1884 AND RULES

1. Amendment of a license granted
2. Directions regarding disposal of explosives
3. Enquiry into accidents
4. Grant of a license to import, manufacture, possess certain explosives
5. Grant of a permit to transport explosives
6. Grant of a permit to manufacture and possess fire-works.
7. Omission, addition or alteration in the conditions of a license.
8. Production of a license
9. Renewal of a license.
10. Search of a place, carriage or vessel where explosive is manufactured, possessed or sold.
11. Suspension or cancellation of a license
12. Issue of Temporary license

5) POWERS DELEGATED UNDER THE BOMBAY FINANCIAL RULES, 1959 AND GOVERNMENT ORDERS ON FINANCIAL MATTERS.

6) THE MOTOR VEHICLES ACT -1988 AND RULES

1. Hearing of Appeal
2. Obscuring of Traffic sign

7) THE POISONS ACT, 1919 AND RULES

1. Search Warrant: Issue of
2. Grant of license
3. Renewal of license
4. Revoking or cancellation of license

8) POWERS UNDER THE BOMBAY POLICE ACT 1951

1. Issue of Premises License, Performance Licenses and Ticket Selling Licenses to all performances of public amusement and entertainment.
2. To extern / remove the person who is about to commit an offence
3. To extern / remove the person who is convicted of certain offences
4. Prevent carrying of dangerous weapons in public place.
5. Make rules for maintaining traffic and peace in public place.

9) THE IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT-1956

1. Powers to notify the premises
2. Search without warrant
3. Removal of person from brothel

10) THE CABLE TELEVISION NETWORKS (REGULATION) ACT -1995

1. Powers to seize equipment
2. Powers to prohibit transmission of certain programmes in public interest

11) THE COPY RIGHT ACT- 1957

1. Power to seize infringing copies

12) THE TRADE MARKS ACT – 1995

1. Powers of search and seizure

13) THE MAHARASHTRA POLICE MANUAL 1999 VOLUME-I, II, III

14) THE BOMBAY PREVENTION OF BEGGING ACT, 1959

1. Taking of finger or palm impressions

15) THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS ACT, 1890

1. Destruction of an animal
2. Prescribing of scales of rates for transport, treatment feeding, etc
3. Issue of search warrant

16) THE BOMBAY PREVENTION OF GAMBLING ACT, 1887

1. Issue of special warrant or order in writing to raid a common gaming house

17) PREVENTIVE DETENTION

i) MPDA Act-1981:-

To detain dangerous persons, drug offenders, slumlords whose activities are prejudicial to the maintenance of public order.

ii) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT 1980:-

To detain persons whose activities are prejudicial to the defence or security of the Nation

iii) PREVENTION OF BLACK MARKETING AND MAINTENCE OF SUPPLIES OF ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES ACT:

To detain persons whose activities are prejudicial to the maintenance of supplies of commodities essential to the community

18) BOMBAY CINEMA (REGULATION) ACT-1953:-

To issue and renew licenses to cinema halls.

19) THE POWERS DELEGATED UNDER THE BOMBAY PUBLIC CONVEYANCES ACT, 1920

20) THE MAHARASHTRA CONTROL OF ORGANIZED CRIME ACT- 1999

- i) Issue sanction to record offence under the Act.
- ii) Appoint Investigating Officer of the rank of Asstt. Commissioners of Police to investigate offences relating to organized crime.
- iii) Issue sanction to prosecute accused arrested under the Act.

21) MENTAL HEALTH ACT – 1987

To take into protection persons who are mentally ill and incapable taking care of themselves or are dangerous by reason of mental illness.

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1) DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF POLICE--

The Commissioner of police is responsible for the direction, and supervision of the Thane police force. It is his duty to decide or to advise the Director General and Inspector General of Police or Government on all larger problems especially those of general policy connected with personnel, their training and equipment, supplies and stores, financial provision required for the maintenance of the force and the powers and duties of the various grades of officers, to take rules and orders for the guidance of officers on all such matters and to keep in touch by inspection with the requirements of efficiency in the matters relating to maintenance of law and order and prevention and detection of crime.

2. JT. COMMISSIONERS OF POLICE:

The posts of Jt. Commissioner of Police have been created to assist the Commissioner of Police. There is 1 Jt. Commissioners of Police Assisting supervising branches under them.

3. DUTIES OF ADDITIONAL COMMISSIONER OF POLICE:

i) The Additional Commissioner of Police is supposed to perform such of the duties of the Commissioner of Police as may from time to time be delegated to him either by the Government or by the Commissioner of Police.

ii) It is the duty of each Additional Commissioner of Police to maintain, by frequent personal inspection, efficiency and discipline of the police force under his charge, to be in close touch with the Deputy Commissioners of Police of his region and ready to assist and control them. He is also responsible for ensuring that all necessary measures are taken by the police for the prevention and detection of crime in his region and particularly that adequate arrangements are made for dealing with any unusual outbreak of crime, that the investigation of serious cases are properly supervised.

iii) The Additional Commissioner of Police shall pay special attention to the training of Assistant and Deputy Commissioners of Police serving within his region.

iv) The Additional Commissioner of Police is responsible for the maintenance of the strictest discipline amongst officers and men. He shall be kept promptly apprised of serious cases of misconduct, among officers and men, occurring in his region and he is responsible for guiding and directing the efforts of Deputy Commissioners of Police in dealing with such cases, for scrutinizing their reports and for making personal enquiries in cases where the exigencies of the matter so demand.

4) DUTIES OF DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE:

The Deputy Commissioner of Police should give the Asst. Commissioners of Police under him, guidance and instructions, whenever necessary. He is responsible for the general supervision of the divisions under him. He should ensure by constant supervision that the prevention, investigation and detection of crime in his jurisdiction are properly and efficiently dealt with by the Police Stations under his command. He should enforce discipline and redress grievances. He should pay surprise visits to the Police Stations at intervals and

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check-up whether officers and men are alert .He should deal with crime as a whole studying the criminal problems of his Zone. He should also visit scenes of serious offences reported in his jurisdiction.